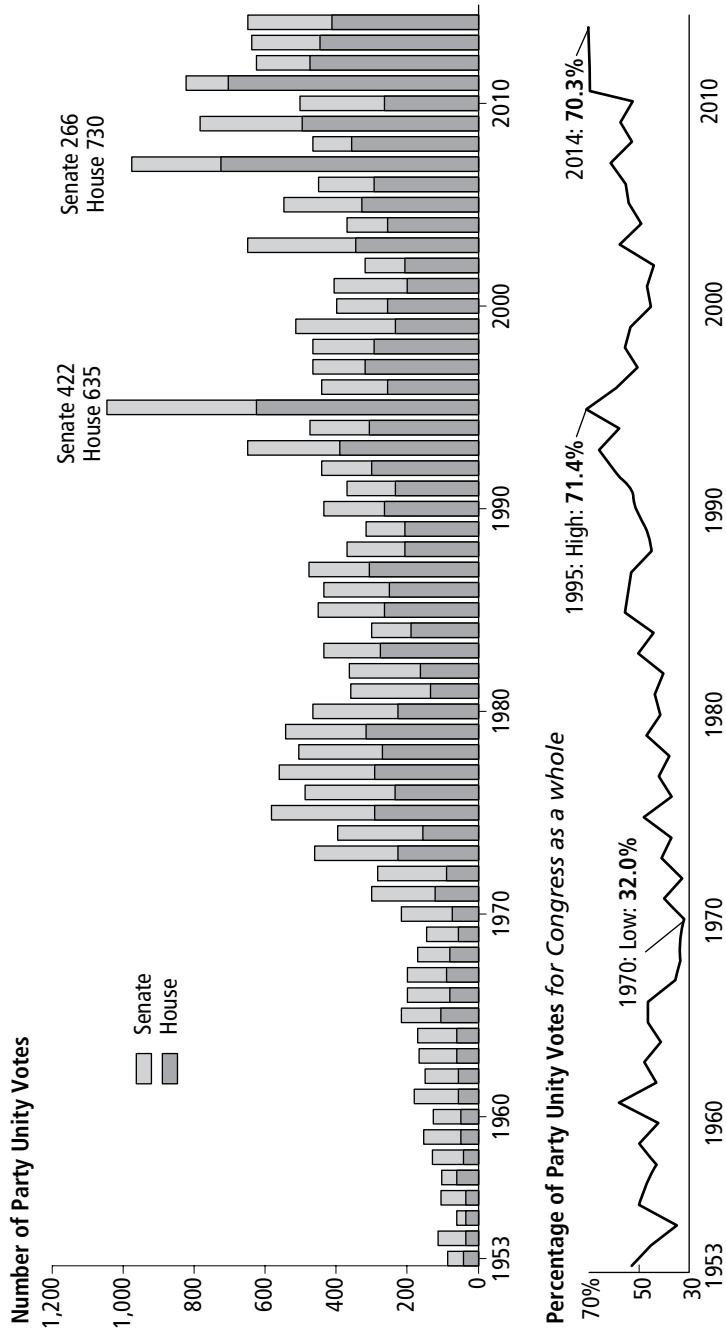
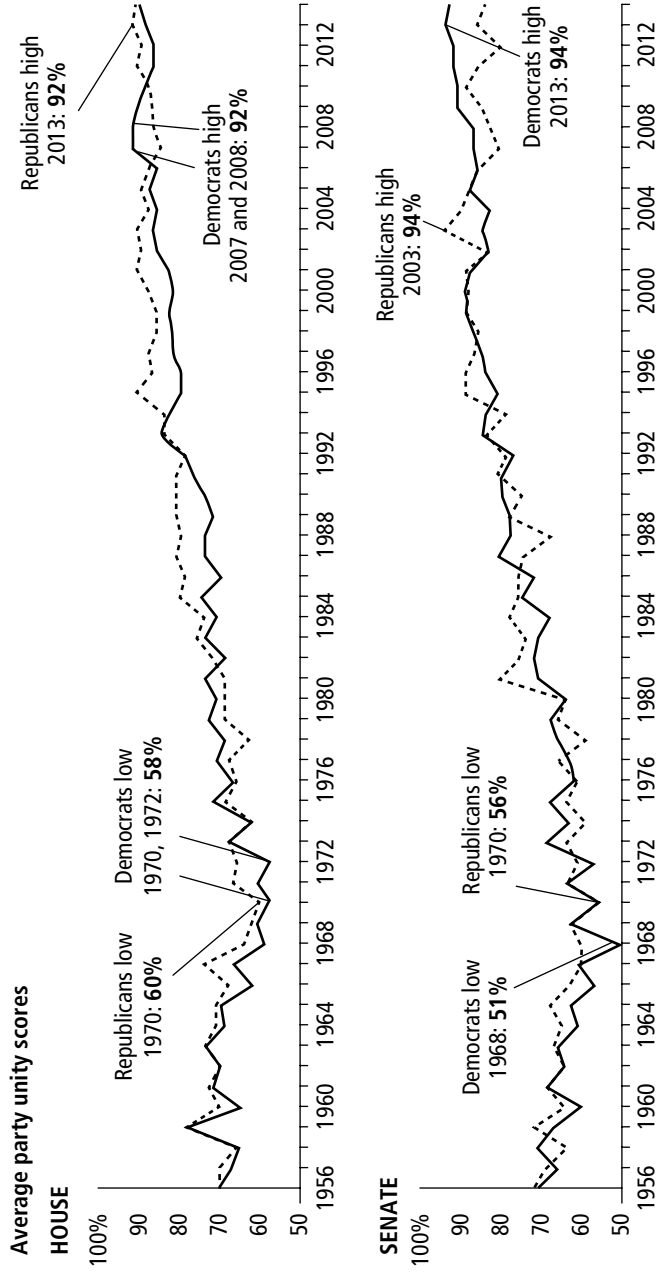


FIGURE 9-1 Party Unity Votes in House, Senate, and Congress, 1953–2014



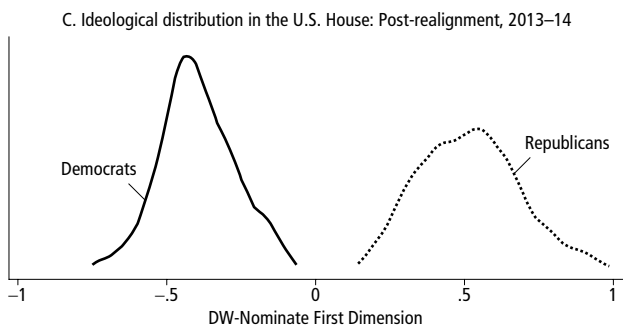
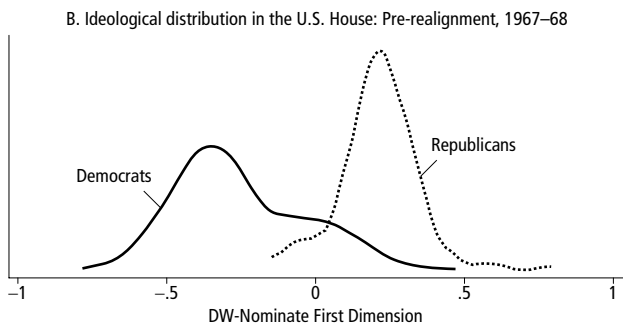
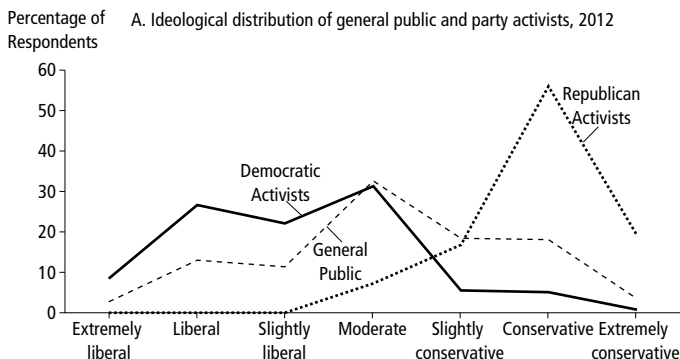
Source: CQ Weekly, February 3, 2014, "CQ Roll Call's Vote Studies—2013 in Review," <http://media.cq.com/votestudies/>.

FIGURE 9-2 Average Party Unity Scores in the House and Senate, 1956–2014



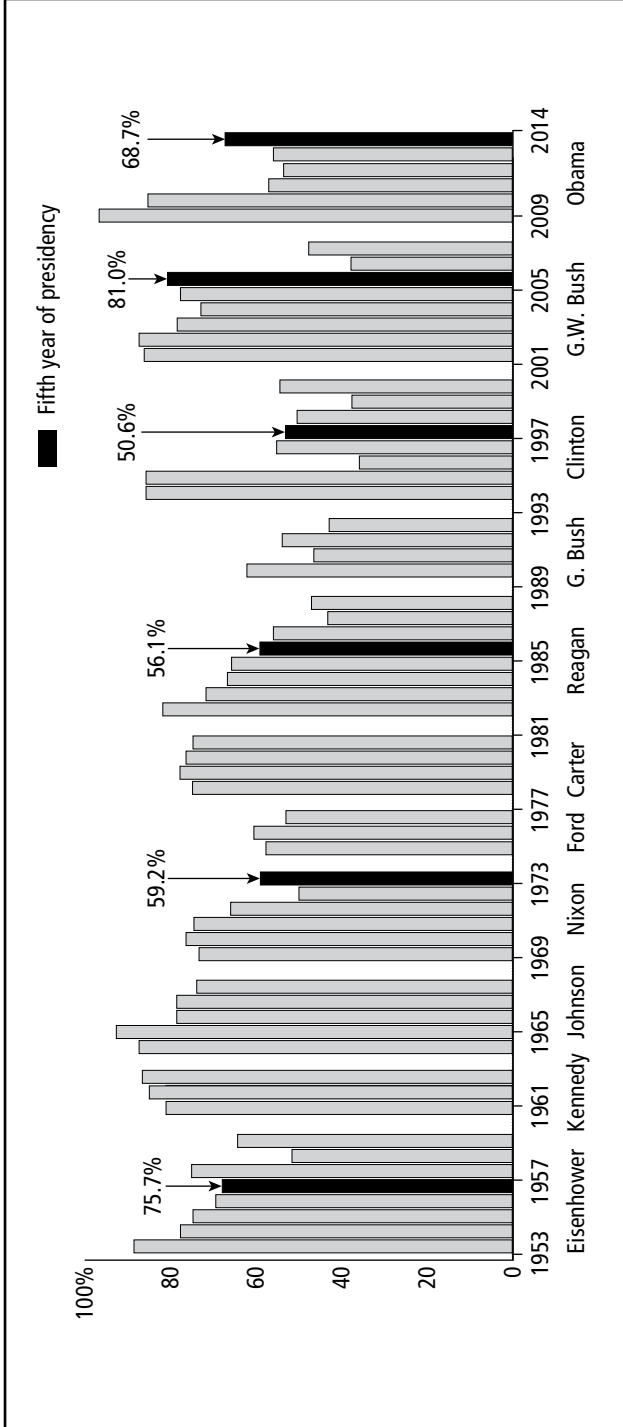
Source: CQ Weekly, February 3, 2014, "CQ Roll Call's Vote Studies—2013 in Review," <http://media.cq.com/votestudies/>.

FIGURE 9-3 Ideological Divisions in Congress and the Public



Sources: Panel A: Cooperative Congressional Election Survey, 2012. Data compiled by Rob Van Houweling. Panels B and C: These data are derived from Keith T. Poole and Howard Rosenthal's DW-NOMINATE ideology scores (voteview.com). See Keith T. Poole and Howard Rosenthal, *Congress: A Political-Economic History of Roll-Call Voting* (New York: Oxford University Press, 1997).

FIGURE 9-4 Presidential Success History, 1953–2014



Source: *CQ Weekly*, February 3, 2014, "2013 Vote Studies: Presidential Support," 170.

Note: Presidential success is defined as the percentage of the time the president won his way on roll call votes on which he had taken a clear position.